



Earth's moon



Ceres



Vesta

1,000 miles

1,610 kilometers

1  
00:00:07,400 --> 00:00:04,910  
what's up for July asteroids hello and

2  
00:00:09,290 --> 00:00:07,410  
welcome I'm Jane Houston Jones at NASA's

3  
00:00:13,280 --> 00:00:09,300  
Jet Propulsion Laboratory in Pasadena

4  
00:00:15,350 --> 00:00:13,290  
California asteroids are scraps of the

5  
00:00:17,090 --> 00:00:15,360  
original building material of our solar

6  
00:00:20,480 --> 00:00:17,100  
system so they tell us about our own

7  
00:00:23,509 --> 00:00:20,490  
origins after the planets formed

8  
00:00:25,160 --> 00:00:23,519  
residual material remained bits of dust

9  
00:00:26,929 --> 00:00:25,170  
and rock bumped into each other

10  
00:00:31,070 --> 00:00:26,939  
sometimes sticking together and

11  
00:00:32,900 --> 00:00:31,080  
sometimes scattering most asteroids

12  
00:00:36,670 --> 00:00:32,910  
orbit the Sun between Mars and Jupiter

13  
00:00:39,530 --> 00:00:36,680

in a region known as the asteroid belt

14

00:00:42,680 --> 00:00:39,540

this month nasa's dawn mission which

15

00:00:45,410 --> 00:00:42,690

launched in 2007 arrives at the asteroid

16

00:00:48,560 --> 00:00:45,420

Vesta the first of two objects it'll

17

00:00:50,690 --> 00:00:48,570

explore Don will study the conditions

18

00:00:53,900 --> 00:00:50,700

and processes of the solar system's

19

00:00:57,080 --> 00:00:53,910

earliest time and Vesta and Ceres are

20

00:00:59,240 --> 00:00:57,090

the right two bodies to study Vesta is

21

00:01:02,810 --> 00:00:59,250

an asteroid and Ceres is a dwarf planet

22

00:01:05,359 --> 00:01:02,820

like Pluto Vesta and Ceres reside in the

23

00:01:07,789 --> 00:01:05,369

boundary area of the asteroid belt where

24

00:01:10,070 --> 00:01:07,799

the composition of bodies changes from

25

00:01:12,550 --> 00:01:10,080

being almost dry to showing the effects

26

00:01:15,069 --> 00:01:12,560

of hydration

27

00:01:17,440 --> 00:01:15,079

scientists believe Vesta is very dry

28

00:01:19,719 --> 00:01:17,450

while series may have a layer of water

29

00:01:23,050 --> 00:01:19,729

ice or even liquid water beneath its

30

00:01:26,020 --> 00:01:23,060

crust Don will study the roles of water

31

00:01:27,620 --> 00:01:26,030

and size in determining the evolution of

32

00:01:29,929 --> 00:01:27,630

the planets

33

00:01:32,929 --> 00:01:29,939

the spacecraft will orbit Vesta for a

34

00:01:35,840 --> 00:01:32,939

year next July it'll depart for the

35

00:01:40,850 --> 00:01:35,850

dwarf planet ceres arriving in February

36

00:01:42,620 --> 00:01:40,860

of 2015 you can see Vesta yourself this

37

00:01:44,630 --> 00:01:42,630

month and next it'll be a little

38

00:01:46,700 --> 00:01:44,640

brighter in August it's the only

39

00:01:49,840 --> 00:01:46,710

asteroid bright enough to see with your

40

00:01:52,490 --> 00:01:49,850

unaided eye because of its high albedo

41

00:01:57,080 --> 00:01:52,500

albedo refers to how well an object

42

00:02:04,270 --> 00:01:57,090

reflects light series the larger than

43

00:02:10,910 --> 00:02:07,160

you can easily spot series than your

44

00:02:13,550 --> 00:02:10,920

telescopes next month check out the dawn

45

00:02:15,740 --> 00:02:13,560

missions Vesta Fiesta event page and

46

00:02:18,920 --> 00:02:15,750

find a viewing event near you or host

47

00:02:21,589 --> 00:02:18,930

avesta viewing event yourself you can

48

00:02:25,490 --> 00:02:21,599

read all about asteroids at solar system

49

00:02:28,370 --> 00:02:25,500

NASA gov / y SS for year of the solar

50

00:02:32,509 --> 00:02:28,380

system you can learn all about NASA's

